ORLANDO FURIOSO

GLOSSARY OF NAMES OF MAJOR AND MINOR CHARACTERS

This list includes all persons named in the poem with the following exceptions:

- (1) Figures from Greek and Roman Mythology
- (2) Classical authors
- (3) Persons named in passages foretelling future historical events

Characters who are merely mentioned but do not appear in the events of the poem, such as deceased persons or names merely mentioned by other characters, are in Italics.

Characters in all capitals have their own timeline column in the spreadsheet.

Names as they appear in the original text, in their full, unelided form, are given first. If there are alternate spellings in other works, I try to include them in parentheses.

The canto and stanza citation refers to the first mention. Subsequent appearances may be cited as well, but this list does not aspire to being a complete index.

A = Appears only in Ariosto

B = Appears or is mentioned in both Ariosto and Boiardo

C = Appears in other related works, in the Charlemagne Cycle, the Matter of France

OF = Orlando Furioso

OI = Orlando Innamorato

Abbot, in Scotland, from whom Rinaldo learns of Ginevra, IV.56. (A)

Adonio, the lover in the Boatman's story of the judge Anselmo and his wife, XLIII.74. (A)

Agolante, father of Almonte, Troiano, and Galaciella, enemy and usurper of Ruggiero II, grandfather of Ruggiero and Marfisa, XXXVI.74. (B)

Agricalte (Arigalte in OI), king of Ammonia (now the oasis of Siwa in western desert of Egypt), with troops, XIV.22, killed by Rinaldo, XVI.81. (B)

Agricano, father of Mandricardo, XXIII.79.

Alardo, son of Amone, brother of Rinaldo and Bradamante, one of the four sons of Aymon in the Matter of France, XXIII.22. (B,C)

Alceste, a Thracian knight and suitor of Lydia in Lydia's story, XXXIV.16.

Alcina, a fay and an evil sorceress, who holds Ruggiero and Astolfo enchanted prisoners on her island, sister of Fata Morgana and half-sister of the good Logistilla, VI.35. (B)

Aldabella, Orlando's wife, sister of Oliviero, XXXIX.59. (B,C)

Aldigieri (or Aldigiero) di Chiaramonte, bastard son of Buovo, half brother of Malagigi and Viviano, XXV.71, severely wounded, XXVI.76, but survives to fight in the battle of Paris, XXXI.35, 55. (B,C)

Aleria, wife of Guidone Selvaggio, escapes with him from Alexandretta to France, XX.80, meets Rinaldo XXXI.8. (A)

Alessandra, daughter of Orontea, lover of Elbanio, and namesake of the Amazon City in Guidone's narrative, XX.37. (A)

Alfeo, physician and wizard in Charlemagne's camp, killed by Cloridano XVIII.175. (A)

Alfonso di Biscaglia, king of Biscaya, harbors Odoroico until Almonio defeats him, XXIV.25. (B)

Almonio, Scottish friend of Zerbino, member of Odorico's crew who tells Orlando about Issabella, XIII.22; XXIV.19. (A)

Almonte, son of Agolante, brother of Troiano, killed by Orlando, I.30. (B,C)

Alteo, unidentified Saracen knight mentioned once, killed by Lurcanio, XVIII.54. (A)

Alzirdo or Alzierdo, Saracen king of Tremisen, a perfect knight, young and arrogant. Mentioned as one who advocated invading France in OI, killed by Orlando, XII.69, XXXVIII.49. (B)

Ambaldo, a Parisian killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125

Amone (Aimone or Aymon), Duke of Dordona (the Dordogne), Lord of Montauban, father of Rinaldo, Bradamante, Ricciardetto, Ricciardo, and Alardo; brother of Ottone (Otho), king of England and father of Astolfo, I.12. (B,C)

Analardo (Alanardo in OI), count of Barcelona, in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Andronica, one of four women sent by Logstilla to help Ruggiero, X.52, also accompanies Astolfo on his return and reveals the future, XV.11. (A)

Androfilo (Androphilos), brother-in-law of Constantine V, father of the knight killed by Ruggiero at Belgrade, XLV.11. (A)

Andropono, a Greek killed by Cloridano, XVIII.177. (A)

Andropono, the priest, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.124. (A)

Angelino, either of two paladins only by one name, possibly meant to be Angelinos figuring in *OI* and/or Pulci, XV.8. (B,C?)

Angioliero, a paladin with Charlemagne at the siege of Paris, XVI.17. (A)

Anselmo da Stanforda (Stanford), killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Anselmo, of Flanders, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.123. (A)

Anselmo, the judge in the Boatman's story, XLIII.72-143. (A)

Anselmo, Count, father of Pinabello, sire of Altaripa, II.58, XXIII.4. (A)

AQUILANTE, the black knight, son of Gismonda and Oliviero, brother of Grifone, meets Astolfo in Egypt and accompanies him to the Holy Land, XV.67. (B)

Aramone di Cornovaglia (Cornwall), killed by Dardinello XVIII.52. (A)

Aramone's brother, killed by Dradinello XVIII.53. (A)

Arbante, son of Cimosco, IX.25, killed by Olimpia's retainer, IX.41. (A)

Archidante, count of Sangunto, in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Ardalico, brother of Malindo, son of the count of Flanders, killed by Medoro, XVIII.180. (A)

Argalia, Angelica's brother, killed by Ferraù in OI, VII.42. (B)

Arganio, given command of the Libyans by Agramante, XIV.18-19. (A)

Argeo, friend of Filandro and husband of Gabrina in Ermonide's narrative, XXI.6. (A)

Argia, the wife of Anselmo in the Boatman's story of the Judge and his wife XL.87. (A)

Argilone da Melibea, a knight killed by Guidone in the Amazon city XX.7. (A)

Argosto, admiral of Marmonda (possibly in Morocco), killed by Rinaldo in OI, mentioned, XIV.18. (B)

Arimanno, Duke of Somerset, leads English troops to aid Charlemagne, XVI.30, among those attacking Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (A)

Ariodante, an Italian prince who marries Ginevra and becomes Duke of Albany, V.75-92, in battle, XVI.55.

Armelina, or Ermellina, wife of Ugiero, mother of Dudone, daughter of Namo, sister of Beatrice, XL.80. (B,C)

Armenia, King of, a personage in Lydia's story, XXXIV.20. (A)

Arnaldo of Toulouse, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.125. (A)

Arnolfo, Duca, from Holland, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.122. (A)

Artemia, Amazon elder in Guidone's Narrative, XX.50. (A)

Astolfo, king of Lombardy, character in the Innkeeper's Tale, XXVIII.4-74.

ASTOLFO (Estout de Lengres or Langres in French texts, distorted to l'inglese by Italian authors), in *OI* and *OF*, son and heir of King Otho of England, transformed by Alcina into a myrtle tree in *OI*, found by Ruggiero, VI.33, travels to the moon, XXXIV.70, cures Orlando's madness, XXXIX.57. (B,C)

Athol, Earl of, with troops in England, X.85, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.51. (A)

Atlante, the wizard who found Ruggiero, reared him, and determines to keep him safe and prevent his conversion and marriage, II.37. (B)

Avino, one of four sons of Namo, XV.8. (B,C)

Avolio, one of four sons of Namo, XV.8. (B,C)

Balastro, king of Djerba, successor to *Tardocco* (killed in *OI*), with troops, XIV.22, killed by Lurcanio XVIII.45. (A)

Balinfronte (Balifronte in OI), king of Cosca, with troops, XIV.23. (B)

Balinverno (Baliverno in OI), a king in exile in Marsilio's court, in Ferraù's army, XIV.15. (B)

Baliverzo, king of Normandia in Africa, with troops XIV.24, captured by Dudone, XL.73. (B)

Balugante, king of León, brother of Marsilio, with troops, XIV.12. (B)

Bambirago, king of Arzilla (in *OI* located in Morocco south of Tangiers), with troops XIV.23, in battle, XV.6, killed by Rinaldo XVI.81, (B)

Bardino, an old knight, slave of King Monodante, in *OI* abducted Brandimarte and sold him to the lord of Rocca Silvana, helps Fiordiligi, XXXIX.41. (B)

Baricondo, king of Mallorca, XIV.13, killed by Clarence, XVI.69 (B)

Bavarte, a spanish knight in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Beatrice, wife of Amone, mother of Rinaldo, Bradamante, Ricciardetto, Ricciardo, Alardo, XXIII.24, XLIV.37. (B)

Beltramo, brother of Ruggiero II, tried to seduce Galaciella, XXXVI.73. (B)

Berlengiero, one of four sons of Namo XV.8, killed by Ferraù, XVIII.44.

Bertolagi, head of the wicked Maganza clan, XXV.74, killed by Ricciardetto and Aldigiero, XXVI.13 . (B,C)

Bianzardino (Blanchandrin in the Matter of France), made general of Asturga, Salamanca, Placencia, Avila, Zamora, and Palencia, all parts of Leon, XIV.14. (C)

Bireno, Duke of Selandia, ,Zealand (Sjælland), Denmark, IX.22-61. (A)

Bireno's cousin, IX.22-61. (A)

Black fairy, XV.72. (A)

Bogio da Vergalle, killed by Dradinello, XVIII.53. (A)

BRADAMANTE (Bradiamante in *OI*), female knight, daughter of Amone, sister of Rinaldo, beloved of Ruggiero, with whom she is destined to become the founder of the house of Este.

BRANDIMARTE, son of *Monodante*, baptized by Orlando, husband of Fiordiligi, VIII.86. (B)

Branzardo, the aged king of Bugea, left in charge of Bizerte by Agramante, XXXVIII.45, commits suicide, XL.35. (B)

Brunello, made king of Tingitana (Tangiers) by Agramante in *OI* for stealing Angelica's ring, first mentioned by Melissa, III.69, with his troops, XIV.19. (B)

Bucifaro, king of Algeria, left in charge of Bizerte by Agramante, XXXVIII.45, killed by Oliviero, XL.35. (B)

Buovo d'Agrismonte (Beuves d'Aigremont), brother of Amone, father of Malagigi, Viviano, and Aldigiero, XXV.71. (B,C)

Buovo d'Antona, in OI, son of Ruggiero I, descendant of Clodovaco and founder of the Mongrana and Chiaramonte lines, ancestor of Rinaldo, may be identified with Bevis of Hampton, the English hero, XXXVI.72. (B,C)

Buraldo, one of three given command of a division of Marmonda by Agramante, XIV.18. (A)

Caico, king of Almansilla, successor to *Tanfirion*, with troops, XIV.23. (A)

Caligorante, a cannibal giant who terrorizes the lower Nile, subdued and captured by Astolfo, XV.51.

Callitrefia, mother of Ippalca, XXIII.28.

Cardorano (not named), king of Mulga killed by Orlando in OI, with troops, XIV.23. (B)

CARLO MAGNO (Charlemagne), king of the Franks and leader of the collected allied forces resisting the Saracen invasion, I.1. (B,C)

Carmondo, admiral of Norindano's fleet, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.99. (A)

Chiarello, brother of Mambrino (killed by Rinaldo in OI), XX.6. (B,C)

Cilandro, son of the tyrant Marganorre, defeated by Ruggiero, Bradamante, and Marfisa XXXVII.46. (A)

Cimosco, king of Frisia, adversary of Olimpia, IX.25. (A)

Cimosco's daughter (unnamed), succeeds Olimpia in Bireno's affections, IX.22-61. (A)

Clarice, Rinaldo's wife, sister of Hugues de Bordeaux, XXX.93, XLIII.66. (B,C)

Clarindo, king of Bolga, successor to *Mirabaldo* (killed by Rinaldo in *OI*), with troops XIV.24, captured by Dudone, XL.73. (A)

Claudio dal Bosco, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Claudio, of Tours, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.125. (A)

Cloridano, from Tolomitta [Ptolemais in Cyrenaica, now Libya], Saracen knight, friend of Medoro and Dardinello, XVIII.165. (A)

Conrado, a German killed by Cloridano, XVIII.177. (A)

Constantino (Constantine V, emperor of Byzantium 741-775), father of Ruggiero's rival, Leone (Leo IV), XLIV.12.

Corebo, of Bilbao, member of Odorico's crew, killed by Odorico XIII.24-26.

Corimbo of Apamea (Syria), brother of Tirse, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.96. (A)

Corineo, king of Mulga, possibly in Algeria, successor to *Cardorano* (in *OI*), with troops XIV.23, in battle, XV.7 (A).

Dalinda, handmaiden of Ginevra, who tells Rinaldo of Polinesso's treachery, IV.68, V.5-74.

Dardinello, young king of Zumara (Azemmour, on the coast south of Casablanca), son of Almonte, grandson of Agolante, cousin of Agramante, with troops, XIV.27, killed by Rinaldo XVIII.58. (B)

Dicilla, one of 4 women sent by Logstilla to help Ruggiero, X.52. (A)

Dionigi, from Tours, killed in Rodomonte's raid XIV.125

Donna mesta, see Sad lady

DORALICE, daughter of King Stordilante of Granada, promised as a bride to Rodomonte, but seduced by Mandricardo, XIV.40, named first, XIV.50. (A)

Dorchino, unidentified Saracen knight mentioned once, killed by Lurcanio, XVIII.54. (A)

Doriconte, a Spanish knight in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Dorifebo, leader of Catalans XIV.11 King of Valencia (B)

Dorilone, king of Setta (Ceuta), with troops, XIV.22 (B)

Dragontina, a fairy who held Orlando captive in *OI* until Angelica freed him with the aid of the Ring, XI.4. (B)

Drusilla, wife of Olindro or Lungavilla in the Marganorre episode, XXXVII.52. (A)

Dudone, son of Ugiero the Dane and Ermellina or Armellina, daughter of Namo, VI.41. (B,C)

Dulfino dal Monte, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Dudrinasso, king of Libya killed by Orlando in OI, mentioned, XIV.19.

Dwarf, in Pinabello's story and subsequently, II.37-57.

Elbanio, a youth descended from Hercules, a figure in Guidone's narrative of the origin of the Amazon City, XX.36. (A)

Elio dal Monte, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Erfilla, a giantess in Alcina's service fought by Ruggiero, VI.81, VII.2. (A)

Ermellina, see Armellina

Ermofilo, general of Norindano's armies, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.99. (A)

Ermonide of Holland, a knight who tells Zerbino of Gabrina's history, XXI.5. (A)

Falanto, figure in Guidone's narrative of the origin of the Amazon City, son of Clytemnestra by a lover, XX.14. (A)

Falerina, the fairy who made the sword Balisarda, taken by Orlando, then by Brunello, who gave it to Ruggiero XXV.15. (B)

Falsirone (Falcirone in *OI*), general of troops of Malaga and Seville, brother of Marsilio, father of Ferraù, XIV.12 (B)

Farurante, king of Mauritania, with troops, XIV.21, captured by Dudone, XL.73. (B)

Fata bianca (White fairy), guardian of Grifone, XV.72, provided enchangted armore, XVII.72. (B)

Fata Manto, see Manto, Fata

Fata Morgana, see Morgana, Fata

Fata nera (Black fairy), guardian of Aquilante, XV.72. (B)

Fausto Latini, character in the Innkeeper's Tale, XXVIII.4-74. (A)

FERRAÙ (or Ferraut, Ferraguto in *OI*), distinguished Spanish knight, nephew of Marsilio, killed Argalia in *OI*, first appears in I.14. (B,C)

Fiametta, character in the Innkeeper's Tale, XXVIII.4-74. (A)

Fieramonte, Duke of York, kills Follicone, XVI.69. (A)

Filandro, brother of Ermonide, XXI.13. (A)

Finadurro, king of the Canaries and Morocco, successor to *Bardarico* (king in *OI* killed by Rinaldo), with troops, XIV.22, killed by Zerbino, XVIII.45. (A)

FIORDISPINA, daughter of King Marsilio, lover of Ricciardetto, XXII.39, XXV.27.

FIORDILIGI of Lizza, faithful wife of Brandimarte, VIII.88, XXIV.53.

Follicone, bastard son of Marsilio and count of Almeria in southern Spain, in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Folvirante, king of Navarre, killed by Rinaldo in OI, XIV.11. (B)

Folvo, king of Persia, left in charge of Bizerte by Agramante, XXXVIII.45, killed by Astolfo, XL.35. (B)

Fronesia, one of four women sent by Logstilla to help Ruggiero, X.52. (A)

GABRINA, an evil old woman, accomplice in captivity of Issabella, XII.92, meets Marfisa, XX.106, formerly husband of Argeo in Serbia XXI.14, killed by Odorico, XXIV.45. (A)

Galaciella, daughter of Agolante, sister of Almonte and Troiano, wife of Ruggiero II, mother of Ruggiero and Marfisa, XXXVI.60. (B)

Galafrone, father of Angelica, overthrown by Agricano, VIII.43. (B)

Ganelone or Gano di Maganza, the iconic traitor in the Matter of France, who betrayed Roland; cousin of Pinabello, XV.8. (B,C)

Gardo, unidentified Saracen knight mentioned once, killed by Lurcanio, XVIII.54. (A)

Gianbarone, father of Ruggiero I (?), ancestor of Ruggiero, XXXVI.72. (B)

Gigliante (Ziliante in OI), son of Monodante, brother of Brandimarte, XXXIX.62. (B)

Ginevra, daughter of the king of Scotland, saved by Rinaldo, V.75-92. (A)

Gismonda, mother of Grifone and Aquilante, XV.73. (B)

Grandonio di Volterna, "the proudest knight of Spain," son of Falsirone, commanding troops of the Algarve XIV.12, helps with Rodomonte's armor, XVII.49, tilts with Bradamante, XXXV.69. (An African king in *OI*). (B)

GRIFONE, the white knight, son of Gismonda and Oliviero, meets Astolfo in Egypt and accompanies him to the Holy Land, XV.67. (B,C)

Grillo, drunkard Christian killed by Cloridano, XVIII.178. (A)

Gualciotto, king of Bellamarina (Algerian-Tunisian coast), killed by Brandimarte in *OI*, mentioned in XIV.25. (B)

Gualtiero, a Parisian, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.125. (A)

Guglielmo da Burnich (William of Burnwich), killed by Dardinello, XVIII.52. (A)

Guicciardo, of Montauban, eldest son of Amone, brother of Rinaldo and Bradamante, XXX.94. (B,C)

Guido di Borgogna (Guy de Bourgogne), a Paladin, XV.8. (B)

Guido di Monforte (Guy de Montfort), a count fighting with Charlemagne, XV.8 (B)

Guidone Selvaggio, son of Amone/Aymon and a woman in the Danube Delta, thus half-brother of Rinaldo and Bradamante, the Black Knight, XIX.79, named in XX.7. (A)

Heraclius, Byzantine emperor in Ermonide's narrative, XXI.14.

Hermit, meets Astolfo on the Nile, XV.38. (A)

Hermit, a holy man living on an Island close to Bizerte, who heals Ruggiero and Sobrino and baptizes them, XLI.51. (A)

Hermit, evil magician who attempts to ravish Angelica, II.12. (A)

Hermit, offers to take Issabella to a convent, XXIV.87, killed by Rodomonte, XXVIII.98. (A)

Idomeneus, king of Crete, mentioned in Guidone's narrative, XX.14.

Iocondo, character in the Innkeeper's Tale, XXVIII.4-74. (A)

Ippalca, daughter of Bradamante's nurse, Callitrefia, and trusted confidante, XXIII.28. (A)

Iroldo, devoted friend of Prasildo, liberated from Falerina and converted by Rinaldo in *OI*, liberated from Atlante twice, by Bradamante, IV.38-44, by Astolfo, XXII.20. (B)

Isoliero, general of Navarre, Count of Pamplona, brother of Ferraù, XIV.11. (B)

ISSABELLA, princessof Galicia, daughter of King Maricoldo, enamored of Zerbino, XII.92. (A)

Ivone, knight of Charlemagne, kinsman of Rinaldo, among attackers of Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (B)

Giovanni, Santo (John the Evangelist, Saint), Astolfo's guide in Eden and on the moon, XXXIV.54.

Labretto, duca di, Christian warrior killed by Medoro, XVIII.179. (A)

Lady with a boat on the Cuesnon, tells Orlando about Ebuda, IX.15. (A)

Laminante (l'Amirante in OI, from Arabic amir [commander]), in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Lanfusa, Ferrau's mother, in OI captured Viviano and Malagigi, XXV.74. (B)

Langhirano (Languirano in OI), in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (B)

Laodicea, signore di, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.94. (A)

Larbino, deceased king of Portugal, succeeded by Tesira, XIV.13. (B)

Largalifa, (l'Algalifa in OI, i.e., al-Khalifa taken as a proper name), uncle of Marsilio, in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (C)

LEONE, Leo IV (called the Khazar) of Byzantium (750-780), became emperor in 775; son of Constantine V and rival of Ruggiero for Bradamante's hand, first appears in the 1532 edition, XLIV.12.

Leonetto, Duke of Lancaster, mustered by Rinaldo, X.77, defending Paris, XVI.40, as Lionetto, XVIII.155. (C)

Libano, king of Constantine in northeastern Algeria, successor to Pinadoro, XIV.21. (A)

Logistilla, benevolent half-sister of Alcina and Fata Morgana, VI.45, VIII.2-21. (A)

Lucina, daughter of the king of Cyprus, wife of Norandino, XVII.26. (A)

Luigi di Provenza, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125. (A)

Lurcanio, younger brother of Ariodante, V.75-92, as Earl of Angus, X.86, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.55. (A)

Lydia, a shade encountered by Astolfo at the mouth of hell, who tells her story in XXXIV.7 ff. (A)

Madarasso, (Maradasso in *OI*), king of Andalusia, commanding troops of southern Spain, XIV.12; in the siege of Paris, XVIII.157. (B)

Malabuferso (Mulabuferso in OI), king of Fezzan, with troops, XIV.22, in battle, XVI.76 (B)

MALAGIGI (Maugris, Maugis d'Aigremont), son of Buovo (Beuve d'Aigremont) and brother of VIVIANO (Vivien de Monbranc), prominent in the Matter of France as an enchanter, XXV.74. (B,C)

Malaguro, in Ferraù's army, XIV.16. (A)

Malgarino, a king mentioned in OI, in exile in Marsilio's court, in Ferraù's army, XIV.15, (B)

Malindo, brother of Ardalico, son of the count of Flanders, killed by Medoro XVIII.180.

Malzarise, king mentioned in OI, in exile in Marsilio's court, in Ferraù's army, XIV.15. (B)

Mambrino, king, brother Chiarello, killed by Rinaldo in B XX.6. (C)

MANDRICARDO, son of Agricane, king of Mongolia, emperor of Tartary, won Hector's armor from a fay (in *OI*), Rodomonte's rival for Doralice, XIV.30, killed by Ruggiero, XXX.64. (B)

Manilardo, aged Saracen king of Norizia, XII.69, killed by Orlando, XII.84.

Manto, Fata, an enchantress in the boatman's tale of Adonio and the Judge's wife, XLIII.70-143.

Marbalusto, king of Oran, a giant, in Agramante's army, XIV.17, killed by Rinaldo XVI.47-48, advocates attacking France, XXXVIII.49. (B)

Marco dal pian di San Michele, knight of Charlemagne, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XVIII.10. (C)

Marganorre, giant tyrant ruling a city in or near Provence, defeated by Ruggiero, Rinaldo, Bradamante, and Marfisa (not identified with Marganor of the Arthurian cycles), XXXVII.43. (A)

Maricoldo, king of Galicia, father of Issabella, XIV.13. (B)

MARSILIO, king of Valencia, allied with Agramante and Sobrino in the war against the Franks, XII.70, father of Fiordispina, seizes Ricciardetto, XXII.40. (C)

Martano, lover of Orrigille and rival of Grifone, XVI.6. (A)

Martasino, king of the Garamanti (in the Fezzan), killed by Bradamante in *OI*, mentioned in XIV.17 and again for having advocated invading France, XXXVIII.49. (B)

Matalista of Almeria, son of Marsilio, leader of Guadiana Valley, brother of Fiordispina, XIV.14, killed by Gloucester, XVI.69. (B)

Matteo dal pian di San Michele, knight of Charlemagne, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XVIII.10. (C)

MELISSA, benevolent sorceress, keeper of Merlin's tomb and guardian of Ruggiero and Bradamante, appearing at several crucial junctures in the story. II.8 (C)

Melissa, treacherous sorceress in the story of the knight of the castle on the Po (probably not the same as the benevolent Melissa q.v.), XLIII.20.

Mirabaldo, king of Bolga (killed by Rinaldo in OI), XIV.24. (B)

Mongrana, in Boiardo, descendant of Buovo, ancestor of Oliviero, Grifone, Aquilante, and Aldabella (Orlando's wife), XXXVI.75. (B)

Monodante, King of an eastern realm, father of Brandimarte XXXIX.40 (B)

Morando, enemy of Argeo in Ermonide's narrative, XXI.36. (A)

Morgana, Fata (Morgan le Fay), sister of Alcina, VI.38. (C)

Morgante, a king mentioned in OI, in exile in Marsilio's court, in Ferraù's army, XIV.15. (B)

Moschino, the drunkard, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.124. (A)

Murderers, two assassins hired by Polinesso to kill Dalinda, driven off by Rinaldo, IV.68. (A)

Namo (elsewhere also Namu or Naimon), Duke of Bavaria, father of Beatrice and Ermellina, I.8. (C)

Norandino, King of Syria, ruling from Damascus, kinsman of Agramante, XVI.8.

Oberto of Tours, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125. (A)

Oberto, king of Hibernia (Ireland), XI.59. (A)

Odo, a Parisian, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125. (A)

Odoardo (Edward), Earl of Shrewsbury, XVI.30, among those attacking Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (A)

Odorico of Biscay, Zerbino's most trusted friend, who betrays him over Issabella, XIII.11. (A)

Oldrado, from Flanders, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.123. (A)

Oldrado, Duke of Gloucester, XVI.67. (A)

Olimpio dalla Serra, young Saracen skilled in music, killed XVI.71. (A)

Olindro di Lungavilla, a baron who visits Morganorre's city, husband of Drusilla, XXXVII.52. (A)

Oliviero, famous paladin, brother of Aldabella, cousin of Orlando, father of Grifone and Aquilante, XV.67, among those attacking Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (B)

Ombruno, a knight killed by the Lord of Seleucia in Damascus, XVII.87. (A)

Orghetto, a Maganzese, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XIV.123. (A)

ORLANDO (Roland), son of Charlemagne's sister Berta and Milone, a baron and seneschal. He is a central figure in the Matter of France and is titular hero of both *OI* and *OF*, also known as Conte di Brava (Blaye), Lord of Anglante, and Roman senator. (C)

Ormida, one of three given command of a division of Marmonda by Agramante, XIV.18.

Orontea, Falanto's lover and founder of the Amazon city in Guidone's narrative, descended from Minos, XX.24. (A)

Orrigille, Grifone's faithless mistress while a prisoner of Falerina in *OI*. He left her ill in Nicosia and rejoins her in Damascus, XVI.101. (B)

Orrilo, a bandit in a tower at the mouth of the Nile, who can be killed only be cutting a hair of his head, XV.65. (B)

Ottone, Astolfo's father, king of England (perhaps alluding to Offa of Mercia), brother of Amone, XII.8. (C)

Ottone, one of four sons of Namo, XV.8. (C)

Palidone da Moncalieri, killed by Cloridano, XVIII.175. (A)

PINABELLO, son of Anselmo d'Altaripa, of the traitorous Maganza clan, II.58. (C)

Pinadoro, king of Constantine, killed by Ruggiero in OI, succeeded by Libano, XIV.21. (B)

Pinamonte, of London, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47.

Polinesso, Duke of Albany, betrayer of Ginevra, killed by Rinaldo, V.75-92. (A)

Prando, a Norman, killed in Rodomonte's raid XIV.123. (A)

Prasildo, a Saracen knight, captive of Atlante, freed by Bradamante, IV.38-44, freed by Astolfo, XXII.20.

Prusione, king of Alvaracchie (Larache, Al-Araish), the "Happy Isles" off Africa, with troops XIV.27, killed by Rinaldo XVI.81. (B)

Puliano, king of the Nasamoni of Cirenaica, with troops XIV.22, killed by Rinaldo, XVI.46, but captured by Dudone in the naval battle, XL.73. (B)

Rambaldo, father of Ruggiero II, XXXVI.72 (B)

Ranieri [di Rana], father of Oliviero, XVIII.10. (B)

Raimondo, Earl of Devon, mustered by Rinaldo, X.81. (A)

Raimondo, of London, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Ricardo, duke of Normandy, among knights attacking Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (A)

RICCIARDETTO, twin brother of Bradamante, lover of Fiordespina, XXII.39. (C)

Ricciardo of Montauban, son of Amone, brother of Rinaldo and Bradamante, XXX.94. (C)

Rimedonte, king of Getulia in Africa, successor to *Grifaldo* (killed by Oliviero in *Ol*), with troops, XIV.23, captured by Dudone, XL.73. (A)

RODOMONTE, king of Sarza, son of Ulieno, king of Algeria, a giant descended from Nimrod, the Saracen counterpart to Orlando, first appears in Agramante's camp, general of Bellarmina forces, XIV.25, killed by Orlando, XLVI.140. (B)

Ruggiero I, king in southern Italy, descended from Hector, ancestor of the hero Ruggiero [III] of OI and OF, XXXVI.72 (B)

RUGGIERO, a Saracen knight, principal character in *OI* and *OF*, descended from Trojan hero Hector and Christian kings and eventual founder of the house of Este; raised a Muslim in Africa, II.45, converted to Christianity, XLI.41, weds Bradamante, XLVI.100, slays Rodomonte, XLVI.140. (B)

SACRIPANTE, king of Circassia, failed suitor of Angelica, I.46. (B)

Sad Lady, member of Marsilio's household, confidante of Fiordespina, XXII.36. (A)

Salamone, king of Brittany, Paladin of Charlemagne, XV.8, XVIII.155. (C)

Salinterno, *dervadar* (palace prefect) and supreintendent of the armory of Syria, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.98. (A)

SANSONETTO, son of the Sultan of Mecca, governor of Jerusalem, converted by Orlando in *OI*, a figure in the Matter of France, XV.95. (C)

Satallone, a Parisian, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125. (A)

Scotland, king of, unnamed father of Zerbino and Ginevra, V.75-92. (A)

Seleucia, Lord of, a city near Antioch, kills Ombruno in Damascus XVII.87, fought by Grifone, XVII.100. (A)

Senapo (Senapus, or Prester John), legendary king of Christian Ethiopia, freed from harpies and healed by Astolfo, XXXIII.102.

Serpentino della Stella (Serpentino de Estella), of Navarre, general of Galicia, XIV.13, tilts with Bradamante XXXV.66. (B)

Sidonia, baron of, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.93.

Sinagone, King of Calatrava, also general of Toledo in New Castille, with troops, XIV.14. (B)

SOBRINO, king of the Algarve, priest of Apollo (in *OI*), over 90, the wisest of the Saracen kings, with troops, XIV.25, converted, XLIII.193.

Sofrosina, one of four women sent by Logstilla to help Ruggiero, X.52, accompanies Astolfo on return, XV.11. (A)

Soridano, king of Esperia (Cape Verde), Senegal, in OI, with troops, XIV.22. (B)

Spineloccio, a Norman, killed in Rodomonte's raid XIV.123. (A)

Stordilano, father of Doralice, king of Granada XIV.13, XVIII.157. (B)

Tanacro, younger son of Marganorre, XXXVII.46 (A)

Tanfirione, king of Almansilla (possibly in Numidia), killed by Orlando in *OI*, succeeded by Caico, XIV.23.

Tardocco, king of Alzerbe (Djerba) killed by Sigieri, Duke of Arles, in OI, mentioned in XIV.22. (B)

Tesira, King of Portugal, successor to Larbino, XIV.13; in siege of Paris XVIII.157. (A)

Teodora (Theodora), sister of Constantine V, wife of Androfilo, XLV.15. (A)

Tirse of Apamea, a city on the Orontes in Syria, brother of Corimbo, killed by Grifone in Damascus, XVII.96. (A)

Trasone, Duke of Marr, with troops in england, X.85, at the battle, XVI.55. (A)

Troiano, father of Agramante and son of Agolante, brother of Galaciela and Almonte, VIII.69. (B)

Truffaldino, defender of Albraccà, fought with Grifone and Aquilate in Boiardo. (B)

Turpino (Turpin), historical Bishop of Paris, supposed author of the history that is a source for much of *OF* and *OI* and also a character in the poems, attacks Rodomonte, XVIII.10. (C)

Uberto (Hubert) of Mitford, killed by Dardinello, XVIII.47. (A)

Ughetto di Dordona (Dordogne), XVIII.10, killed in Rodomonte's massacre, XVIII.12. (B)

Ugiero or Uggiero (Ogier), king of Denmark, a Paladin familiar in the "Matter of France," sometimes presented as a Saracen converted to Christianity, XV.8, XVIII.155 (B,C)

Ugo, from Tours, killed in Rodomonte's raid, XIV.125. (A)

ULLANIA, emissary of the queen of Iceland, XXXII.50. (A)

Ungiardo, ruler of the city where Rinaldo lodges after the Battle of Belgrade, XLIV.102. (A)

Valerio, Gian Francesco, character in the Innkeeper's Tale, XXVII.137-XXVIII.74. (A)

Vatrano, Bulgar chief killed at the Battle of Belgrade, XLIV.83. (A)

VIVIANO (Vivien de Monbranc), brother of Malagigi, son of Beuve d'Aigremont, figures in the Matter of France, XXV.74. (B,C)

ZERBINO, prince, heir to the English throne, son of Ottone

Ziliante, son of Monodante, brother of Brandimarte, kidnaped by fata Morgana and rescued with the help of Brandimarte, baptized by Orlando. (B)

Nobles and warriors gathered by Rinaldo in Canto X not mentioned elsewhere:

Richard, Earl of Warwick X.78

Duke of Gloucester X.78

Duke of Clarence X.78

Duke of York X.78

Duke of Norfolk X.79

Earl of Kent X.79

Earl of Pembroke X.79

Duke of Suffolk X.79

Earl of Essex X.79

Earl of Northumberland X.79

Earl of Arundel X.80

Marquis of Berkeley X.80

Earl of March X.80

Earl of Richmond X.80

Earl of Dorset X.80

Earl of Hampton X.80

Raymond, Earl of Devon X.81

Earl of Winchester X.81

Earl of Derby X.81

Earl of Oxford X.81

Prelate of Bath X.81

[Among the leaders of the 42,000 knights and archers plus 84,000 infantry, X.82:

Godfrey, Duke of Buckingham X.82-83

Henry, Earl of Salisbury X.82-83

Herman, old Lord of Abergavenny X.82-83

Scots:

ZERBINO, Duke of Ross, the son of the king of Scotland, with 30,000 men X.84

Earl of Huntley X.85

Duke of Mar X.85

Alcabrun, a highland chieftain X.85

Duke of Stratford X.86

Duke of Albany X.86 Ariodante, Italian prince who marries Ginevra and becomes Duke of Albany XVI.55

Earl of Buchan X.86

Herman, Baron of Forbes X.87

Earl of Errol X.87

Irish:

Earl of Kildare X.87

Lord Desmond X.87

Scandinavians:

From Thule, Sweden, Norway, Iceland, and other northern realms X.88

Earl of Moray leading 16,000 barbarians from the north X.89